受験番号

氏名

問 1

1)
$$x^3 - x^2y - xz^2 + yz^2$$

 $= x^2(x - y) - z^2(x - y)$
 $= (x^2 - z^2)(x - y)$
 $= (x + z)(x - z)(x - y)$

$$2x^{2} + 6y^{2} - z^{2} + 7xy - yz - xz$$

$$= 2x^{2} + 7xy - xz + 6y^{2} - yz - z^{2}$$

$$= 2x^{2} + (7y - z)x + (2y - z)(3y + z)$$

$$= (x + 2y - z)(2x + 3y + z)$$

1
$$2y-z$$

2
$$3y + z$$

問 2

$$2x^{2} + 5x = 3$$

$$(x+3)(2x-1) = 0$$

$$x = \frac{1}{2}, -3$$

2)
$$2x + 1 < x - 3 \le 3x + 7$$
 $x < -4$
 $2x + 1 < x - 3$ $-2x \le 10$
 $x \ge -5$

$$\therefore -5 \leqq x < -4$$

3)
$$x^2 + 2x - 3 < 0$$

 $(x+3)(x-1) < 0$
 $\therefore -3 < x < 1$

4)
$$|x+1|+|x-3|>4x+3$$

 $i) x<-1$ のとき
 $-(x+1)-(x-3)>4x+3$
 $-2x+2>4x+3$
 $-6x>1$
 $x<-\frac{1}{6}$
よって $x<-1$

$$ii) - 1 \le x < 3$$
のとき $x + 1 - (x - 3) > 4x + 3$ $-4x > 3 - 4$ $x < \frac{1}{4}$ よって $-1 \le x < \frac{1}{4}$

iii)
$$x \ge 3$$
のとき
 $x + 1 + x - 3 > 4x + 3$
 $2x - 2 > 4x + 3$
 $-2x > 5$
 $x < -\frac{5}{2}$

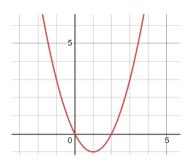
不適切

$$\therefore x < \frac{1}{4}$$

1)
$$y = a(x-2) \cdot x$$
 とおく
点 $(3 \cdot 3)$ を通るので
 $3 = a(3-2) \cdot 3$
 $a = 1$
 $\therefore y = x(x-2)$

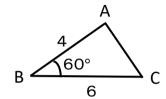
2)
$$y = x^2 - 2x$$

 $y = (x - 1)^2 - 1$



$$S = \frac{1}{2} \times 4 \times 6 \times \sin 60^{\circ}$$
$$= 6\sqrt{3}$$

A.
$$6\sqrt{3}cm^2$$



2)
$$AC^{2} = 4^{2} + 6^{2} - 2 \cdot 4 \cdot 6 \cdot \frac{1}{2}$$
$$= 16 + 36 - 24$$
$$= 28$$
$$AC > 0 \ \mathcal{L} \mathcal{Y}$$
$$AC = 2\sqrt{7}$$

$$\therefore 2\sqrt{7}cm$$

3)
$$\frac{AC}{sin60^{\circ}} = \frac{2\sqrt{7}}{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}} = \frac{4\sqrt{7}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{4}{3}\sqrt{21}$$

$$=\frac{4}{3}\sqrt{21}\ cm$$